# Inside: What do Cardiff students think about the strikes? (Page 13)

## Earthquakes cause devastation in Turkey and Syria

George Gourlay Politics Editor

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The quakes struck in the early hours of Monday, 6th February, along the East Anatolian fault near to the city of Gaziantep in Turkey. The first shock registered at 7.8 magnitude, followed by an aftershock of 7.6 magnitude just hours later. The temblors ripped across 31 miles in Southern Turkey and Northern Syria, extending to Syria's second largest city Aleppo. More than 40 aftershocks have been felt since the initial quake with tremors being felt as far as Cyprus, Egypt and Lebanon.

The impact has been severe with the death toll exceeding 21,000 in Turkey, 3,500 in Syria. 80,000 are currently being treated in hospital while millions (1.05m for Turkey, 5.3m for Syria) have been left homeless.

Rescuers have been undeterred in their efforts to retrieve survivors since Monday with the dramatic scenes even being broadcast on Turkish television, providing much needed hope to the anxious population.

However, as the hours since the initial tremors continue to tick along, the chances of survival for those still entombed in the ruins are becoming slimmer. Experts say that barely 6% of earthquake victims survive if they have not been rescued within 5 days. This is in contrast to 74% after 24 hours. Victims and rescuers have also been competing with freezing weather conditions as a winter blizzard has covered major roads in snow and ice.

In Syria, the situation is exacerbated by the longstanding civil war that has hampered international rescue teams' access to those requiring aid. Stéphane Dujarric, spokesperson for UN Secretary General, António Guterres, explained to the BBC that it is "hard to imagine a more complex emergency" in Syria.

Dujarric elaborates: "You're dealing with a country that has been in conflict for 12 years, where already before this humanitarian emergency there was a long-standing humanitarian crisis with more than four million people needing aid."

Aid to both Turkey and Syria has been arriving arduously to address the estimated 870,000 people who urgently need food and shelter. However it remains to be seen how the discrepancy in international favour between the two countries will translate into how much aid each receives as Svria remains under onerous Western sanctions. In an uncharacteristic move, the Syrian government, who have been internationally isolated for more than a decade, approved the delivery of humanitarian aid in cooperation with the UN, the International Committee of the Red Cross and the Syrian Arab Red Crescent.

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Turkey's President Erdogan, calling the earthquake the "disaster of the century", has vowed to take "every necessary step", including the declaration of a state of emergency in ten provinces for three months.

However, criticism towards President Erdogan is also emerging over the government's initial response and the lack of preparation for the catastrophe. The public has started to express frustration over shortcomings in the relief response, in particular around the state's failure to coordinate with local authorities and relief agencies.

To read George's full article on the imapct of the earthquakes, turn to page 6



Wales lost in their first game to Ireland at the Principality Stadium, Image: Magnus Hagdorn (via Flickr)

#### Wales face major disappointment in Six Nations

Jess Margetson Contributor

Under the roof of the Principality with the deafening roar of the Welsh crowd and Gatland back in charge, Welsh fans were in high spirits.

Unfortunately for Wales, their Six Nations got off to the worst possible start when they were beaten 34-10 by Ireland in Cardiff last Saturday. The opening stages were devastating for Wales as Ireland sealed their win within the first 25 minutes of the game. Reflecting on the match, Warren Gatland said his team "created a number of chances in the game and just weren't clinical enough to finish them."

Ireland had a great start scoring a try within the first 3 minutes, setting the tone for the rest of the match. Ireland's speed and recycling of the ball made it difficult for Wales to gain control, it was imperative for Gatland's

Welsh side to slow the game down. Ireland's James Ryan secured the second try of the afternoon demonstrating excellent efficiency from the visiting side.

To read Jess' article on the Six Nations opening weekend, turn to page



#### Zelensky vistis UK

Francesca Ionescu Politics Editor

krainian President, Volodymyr Zelensky, has visited the UK for the first time since the beginning of the Russian conflict, the invasion starting almost a year ago . The visit was not anticipated, and consisted of meetings inside Downing Street and a public address to MPs and peers. a press conference with the Ukrainian leader and British Prime Minister Rishi Sunak and signing of the London

To read Francesca's article on the Ukrainian President's visit, turn to page 10

#### Dathlu Dydd Miwsig Cymru

Nansi Eccott Pennaeth Taf-od

ros yr wythnosau nesaf bydd miloedd o Gymry ar hyd a lled y wlad yn bloeddio canu un o ganeuon enwocaf y wlad wrth i'n tim rygbi gamu ar y cae ym Mhencampwriaeth y Chwe Gwlad. Er mai 'Hen Wlad Fy Nhadau' oedd un o'r caneuon cyfrwng Cymraeg cyntaf i'w recordio ym 1899, erbyn hyn mae gennym ni gyfoeth o ganeuon ac artistiaid Cymraeg yng Nghymru, a phwysig yw eu dathly nbw

I ddarllen erthygl Nansi am y newidiadau, trowch i dudalen 12



Evan Johnson-Charteris Comment Editor

In the past few weeks Cardiff has been blessed with a number of world famous acts all announcing that they will soon be coming to perform in the capital. When one checks the Ticket-Master website, the list of block-buster names coming to Cardiff is astonishing; from the 'first lady of music' Beyonce to The Streets to recent Grammy award sweeping artist Harry Styles to countless more

To read Evan's article on concert price controversy, turn to page 16









Over 21,000 people have died in Turkey. Source: EU Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid (via Wikimedia Commons)



A combined 870,000 people urgently need food and shelter across both countires. Source: Tasnim News Agency (via Wikimedia Com-

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George Gourlay discusses the recue efforts following the two earthquakes.

George Gourlay Politics Editor

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Another complaint lies in the apparent mishandling of funds taken through tax to prepare the country for an event like this. Following a similar earthquake in 1999, which claimed the lives of more than 17,000 people, the state introduced the "special communications tax", which became known as the "earthquake tax", initially intended to be a temporary fix to the economic losses but subsequently

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became permanent and understood to be put towards preparing the country for similar disasters in the future. The tax is estimated to have collected around 88 billion lira in total with the amount collected last year being the highest at 9.3 billion lira.

This catastrophe could pose the greatest political challenge President Erdogan has faced in his 20 year tenure. Elections are scheduled for just after the state of emergency is intended to end.

Turkey is one of the world's most active earthquake zones with this latest episode echoing a quake of the same magnitude in 1939 which hit the east of the country and caused 30,000 deaths. Martin Griffiths, a United Nations emergency relief coordinator, speaking to Sky News, warned that the current death toll figure could double as more lives remain unaccounted for under the rubble.

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