*content written for a women's digital health platform to go live in winter '22

How Building Muscle Can Help with Menopausal Weight Gain

Women gain an average of 1–1.5 pounds per year between the ages of 45 and $60^{1,2,3}$ In the US, almost two-thirds of women between 40–59 and three-fourths of women over 60 are overweight.²

Research has shown that while this weight gain is not caused directly by menopause or the hormone replacement prescription medications used to treat menopause-related conditions and is more likely due to lifestyle and other changes in the body related to aging,^{1,2} the hormonal shift of perimenopause does correlate with a redistribution of body fat. This explains why many women notice that rather than around the hips, thighs, and buttocks, fat begins to settle around the abdomen.^{1,2}

In general, avoiding energy dense, processed foods and choosing whole foods that are nutrient rich and minimally processed might help stave off weight gain.⁴ Another possible aid in staving off this weight gain is to build lean muscle.

Why Build Muscle?

As women age, their metabolism slows, and lean muscle mass decreases.¹ Since muscles burn more calories than fat⁵ building and maintaining muscles is important to not only burn calories more efficiently, but also to protect bones.²

Suggestions:

• Eat more protein

Protein helps build muscle;⁶ as such, eating adequate amounts of protein can contribute to the maintenance and promotion of a healthy weight. Guidelines for women over 50 is to eat 1-1.5 grams of protein per kilogram of weight (1 kilogram =2.2 pounds) daily,⁷ or 20-25 grams of high-quality protein per meal.⁸ This calculator may give you an idea of what is recommended for you: *https://www.calculator.net/protein-calculator.html (link)*

Do cardiovascular and strength-training exercises

In addition to all the other benefits exercise brings, strength-training and cardio workouts not only help build muscles, but also burn calories to aid in weight loss.²

The bottom line: Studies have shown that a diet high in protein, combined with regular exercise and strength training are beneficial in women's maintaining a healthy weight.^{9,10}

The contents of this article are for informational purposes only and not intended to provide medical advice, treat, diagnose, or replace the advice of a licensed medical professional. Please consult with your healthcare provider before making any treatment, dietary, exercise, or lifestyle changes to ensure that these changes are appropriate for you.

Sources

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