## Is there a future?

Do you think what we need is a total revolution on the educational system?

Have you noticed that the educational system doesn't teach you how to make money and be independent?

Educational system is designed to make you dependent.

More so, there is an exception in some "advanced countries". For as long as I know the curriculum of the Nigerian education has been to "go to school, get good grades, graduate with a "first class" and get a job" and get a job with good salary. Overtime, all these fantasies has faded off the face of the Nigerian educational system. The Nigerian educational system needs to a complete change. The world now is not what it used to be. Now, people actually drop out of school, to learn something else like software dev, coding, digital marketing etc. all these can be mastered without going to school. The Nigerian youths needs more reason to actually go to school not just for "getting a job or for getting a high paying job".

Look. I don't want to bore you with Nigeria's history on education, so we will take it this way; I will list out where Nigeria's educational system need to be reformed and upgraded.

In the aspect of "funding".

Funding is one of the biggest problem confronting Nigeria's education system. The percentage of the budget allocated to education annually is abysmally low. In 2018, only 7.04% was allocated to education. This is far below UNESCO's recommended 15%-26%.

Nigeria's experience with neglect of government secondary and primary school levels has led to poorer education outcomes. Nor is privatization the answer: it's only likely to widen the gap between the rich and the poor. Many children will no longer have access to good and quality education thereby increasing the rate of illiteracy in the country.

And reduce the performance at tertiary level.

If the government continues to privatize government owned properties or may as well increase tuition fees of private universities

The amount of student in the tertiary sector will diminishing I.e. it will become a wealthy people sector automatically. Basically, 90% of the people living in Nigeria are poor.

You know what that means.

Finally talking about incessant strikes in 1978, the Academic Staff Union of Universities was established to represent academic staff in Nigeria's universities. Since then, there have been strikes almost every year, disrupting the academic calendar.

To stop these annual disruptions, the government must increase budgetary allocations to the sector and honor agreements that have been signed with the unions.

The only way that strikes will be stopped is if the welfare of all staff, from teachers to lecturers, is prioritized

## In conclusion.

If these basic elements I listed are critically looked into and worked on, Nigeria's educational status will be saved from a lot of future harm.